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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/657,016	09/07/2000	Shankar Iyer	UDN0003	1210
29989	7590	10/05/2004	EXAMINER	
HICKMAN PALERMO TRUONG & BECKER, LLP 1600 WILLOW STREET SAN JOSE, CA 95125			ENGLAND, DAVID E	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2143	
DATE MAILED: 10/05/2004				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/657,016

Applicant(s)

IYER ET AL.

Examiner

David E. England

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 July 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- 1) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - 2) ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3) ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1 – 15 are presented for examination.

#### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shah et al. U.S. Patent No. 6292832 (hereinafter Shah).

3. Referencing claim 1, as understood by the Examiner, Shah teaches a process for determining latency between multiple servers and a client across a network in a computer environment, comprising the steps of:

4. receiving a request for latency metrics on a content server, (e.g. col. 3, lines 15 – 35);
5. wherein said latency metric request specifies a particular client, (e.g. col. 16, lines 32 – 53 & col. 17, lines 28 – 40);
6. providing a latency management table, (e.g. col. 11, line 52 – col. 12, line 2);

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7. wherein said latency management table comprises a list of IP addresses along with corresponding Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) hop counts, dynamic hop counts, and Round Trip Times (RTT), (e.g. col. 8, lines 17 – 30 & col. 13, lines 13 – 33);
8. looking up the latency metric for said client in said latency management table, (e.g. col. 8, line 48 – col. 9, line 5 & col. 15, lines 36 – 56);
9. sending said latency metric to the requesting server, (e.g. col. 8, line 48 – col. 9, line 5);
10. wherein the BGP hop count for said client in said latency management table is used for said latency metric upon an initial request for said client, (e.g. col. 3, lines 24 – 50 & col. 18, line 57 – col. 19, line 14); and
11. wherein the dynamic hop count and RTT data for said client in said latency management table are used for said latency metric for subsequent requests for said client, (e.g. col. 3, lines 24 – 50 & col. 18, line 57 – col. 19, line 14).
12. Referencing claim 2, as understood by the Examiner, Shah teaches sending periodic latency probes to the IP addresses in said latency management table, (e.g. col. 15, lines 35 – 64 & col. 16, line 42 – col. 17, line 10 & col. 17, line 51 – col. 18, line 17);
13. receiving response packets for said latency probes, (e.g. col. 15, lines 35 – 64 & col. 17, line 51 – col. 18, line 17); and
14. recording the dynamic hop count and latency (RTT) data in said latency management table, (e.g. col. 8, lines 17 – 59 & col. 14, lines 34 – 57).

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15. Referencing claim 4, as understood by the Examiner, Shah teaches receiving requests for a content server address from said client, (e.g. col. 2, line 64 – col. 3, line 35 & col. 8, lines 17 – 30 & col. 13, lines 13 – 33);
16. sending a latency metric request to the appropriate content servers, (e.g. col. 2, line 64 – col. 3, line 35 & col. 8, lines 17 – 30 & col. 15, lines 36 – 64);
17. receiving latency metric data from said content servers, (e.g. col. 8, lines 17 – 30 & col. 13, lines 13 – 33 & col. 15, lines 36 – 64);
18. determining the optimal content server for said client, (e.g. col. 8, line 48 – col. 9, line 5 & col. 15, line 46 – col. 16, line 20); and
19. sending said optimal content server's address to said client, (e.g. col. 8, line 48 – col. 9, line 5).
20. Claims 6, 7, 9, 11, 12 and 14 are rejected for similar reasons stated above.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

21. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

22. Claims 3, 8 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shah (6292832) in view of what is well known in the art.

23. Referencing claim 3, as understood by the Examiner, Shah teaches all that is described above but does not specifically teach periodic latency probes are sent to a higher level server of a client by masking said client's IP address in said latency management table.

24. Examiner takes Official Notice (see MPEP § 2144.03) that " masking said client's IP address " in a computer networking environment was well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

25. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the inventions was made to utilize masking said client's IP address in said latency management table with Shah because this will add security to a network and also in the act of transmitting an IP address. Masking an address allows the users to hide or "mask" parts of the address to hackers or other internet users that might try to find an IP address so to get access to that IP address's device.

26. Claims 8 and 13 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

27. Claims 5, 10 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shah (6292832) in view of McCanne et al. (6415323) (hereinafter McCanne).

28. As per claim 5, as understood by the Examiner, Shah teaches all that is described above that is in association with claim 5 and also teaches determining step gathers the expected latency metrics and said latency metric data in a weighted combination with the RTT in said latency metric data to determine which latency metric data indicates the optimal content server and

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dynamic hops, (e.g. col. 9, line 44 – col. 10, line 21). But does not teach using the inverse relationship of hop counts. McCanne teaches using the inverse relationship of hop counts, (e.g. col. 18, lines 35 – 48). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine McCanne with Shah because using an algorithm to find the optimum path for a client would insure that the client utilizes the network to the fullest capability for the fastest delivery of information on the networks.

29. Claims 10 and 15 are rejected for similar reasons as stated above.

### ***Response to Arguments***

30. Applicant's arguments filed 07/19/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

31. In the remarks, Applicant argues in substance that Shah and McCanne do not teach the claimed invention as stated above.

32. As to part 1, Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b) because they amount to a general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references.

***Conclusion***

33. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
34. a. Shah et al. U.S. Patent No. 6298381 discloses System and method for information retrieval regarding services.
35. b. Shah et al. U.S. Patent No. 6795860 discloses System and method for selecting a service with dynamically changing information.
36. c. Maki-Kullas U.S. Patent No. 6650621 discloses Load balancing routing algorithm based upon predefined criteria.
37. d. Thomas et al. U.S. Patent No. 6665271 discloses System for real-time prediction of quality for internet-based multimedia communications.
38. e. Oehrke et al. U.S. Patent No. 6735631 discloses Method and system for networking redirecting.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David E. England whose telephone number is 703-305-5333 and 571-272-3912 as of Oct. 28th. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur, 7:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David A. Wiley can be reached on 703-308-5221. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.



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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David E. England  
Examiner  
Art Unit 2143

De



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